for all about the ; \$1.50 for the

HELY DISPATCH at 51 per an

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ADVERTISING RATES.

ed of rates for more space furnished or All letters and telegrams must be a to THE DISPATCH COMPANY.

SATURDAY JANUARY 10, 1885.

How a Tariff Operates. Mr. WATTERSON claims to under and thoroughly the tariff question and every day fills a column or two, his lucubrations on that subject, if "lucubrations" they may be called. He ms, however, to be more auxious to

lit Mr. RANDALL as a Democrat in to accredit himself as an authorized exponent of the Democratic creed on the tariff question. He resorts to facts and figures, which, however, are turned against him by another Demoeratic paper of Louisville, the Post. Here is one of Mr. WATTERSON'S atest utterances : "The abolition of the taxes on whis-

key and tobacco would reduce the Treasury receipts by over \$100,000,000
annually, not only wiping out the surplus, but leaving a deficiency in the requisite revenues of the Government. "It is not to be presumed that Mr. Randall would propose to supply that deficiency by direct taxation on realty, etc. The result would, therefore, be that the present exorbitant import duties would have to be increased in order to meet the expenses of the Government." In other words, Mr. WATTERSON

advances the untenable proposition that the higher the tariff the greater the revenue. We need only to cite against Mr. WATTERSON the authority of Mr. TUCKER, of this State, who is recognized by his associates of both parties in the House of Representatives of Congress as one of the ablest of the Democrats who voted last year with Mr. MORRISON in favor of a horizontal reduction of customs duties, and is therefore one of the men to whom it is to be presumed Mr. WATTERSON will be illing to lister -that is, as willing as he is to listen to anybody except himself. In Mr. TUCKER's speech of Monday last in favor of doing away with all internal taxes upon tobacco, fruit-bran-

dies. &c., he said : "But gentlemen say if you repeal the internal-revenue taxes you will have to raise the customs duties. In my judgment nothing is more fallacious. "The logical framework of a pro-

tective tariff is that which makes duties so high as to prohibit importation of goods. But if importation b ted no revenue accrues. Lessen the duties and protection decreases, as revenue on increased importations in-creases. The present tariff on many articles is so high as to protect the domestic article by almost absolute pro-hibition of the importation of the for-eign article. This is the case with blankets, hats of wool, and hundreds of other articles.

"Repeal the internal-revenue sys-tem and Congress will be compelled to abandon the prohibitory rates of duties, to adjust them to the revenue standard; and they will then be high enough to raise all the revenue you need, to give full encouragement to the industries of the country, and make the people more prosperous under a state of things more natural and less artificial—when capital will have fair profits, laborers full wages, and the interests of the consuming classes will be promoted by leaving them to untaxed production, and relieving them from other considerations, and as a matter of public policy, they have recognized that that was the best way to get rid of the heavy burdens now resting upon the blighting curse of Radicalism.

the internal taxes hereinbefore mentioned would be to provide for an increase of "the present exorbitant im- have proved their faith by their works port duties in order to meet the exses of the Government." Mr. TUCKER holds, on the contrary, that | fectively than in North Carolina. Under to repeal those taxes would be to pro- Radical rule in that State, the school-fund vide for a tariff that will produce more revenue at the same time that it will and the negroes were driven to the polls give "full encouragement to the indus- like so many sheep, and caused to vote tries of the country."

Mr. TUCKER has a logical mind. He sees that as an opponent of the doctrine of legislative protection to American industries, he surrenders his whole case when he admits that the nat ral effect of increasing the rates of the customs ties is to produce more revenue. Therefore he favors a discriminating fariff.

The Inter-State Commerce Bill. We haven't much faith in the efficacy of sumptuary laws, nor in the efficacy of usury laws, nor in the efficacy of nal laws regulating the customs and charges of railroad companies. Nevertheless, we must say to the Clarke rier that it has jumped to an un-ranted conclusion when it infers that we are opposed to the inter-State commerce bill because we referred to in which Mr. REAGAN figured as the " Aomo." We once heard a fine lawyer swer a question as to his opinion of mying. "I have no opinion on that subject." Such is our attitude towards Mr. REAGAN'S bill. We have no opinon on the subject. Nevertheless, we scode that it was not perfectly egitimate for us to argue that Mr. REA-ARE, who was the patron of a bill in-eached to bring all the various grand fired systems of the country under eral Lee and his army at Appoint ox we can never forget. It covers a number of political sins. We heard a generous-hearted southern gentleman say are adventional bill that it has a cen-

ed to or in favor of the REAGA B bill, we could not consis se the REAGAN bill on the gre of its centralizing tendency. Nor could we; and yet we might well ask, What are the few millions of dollars appro priated by the BLAIR bill, and for only few years, contrasted with the hundreds of millions of dollars of private property which Mr. REAGAN'S bil proposes to control in the interest of a sentralized despotism? The Courier

"We observed during the sessions of the recent Legislature of Virginia that whenever a railroad charter was asked whenever a railroad charter was asked for containing authority to construct line of road that in its general power could be operated so as to discriminal against Richmond, the *Dispatch* was earnest in voicing its opposition to tog the charter until it was am with a saving clause for Richmon

A true bill; but that fact does no argue that we would not do as much for any other city or county in Virginia Nor does it argue that we are either fo or against the REAGAN bill. We are very conservative. We dislike all legislative attempts to interfere with private property. The late Judge BLACK, however, removed by his able published arguments most of our objections to egislation intended to regulate railroad usiness and railroad charges, W. raise no constitutional objections to the REAGAN bill. We only doubt whether and sometimes more, of his paper, with it will not produce results not expected by its supporters. It legislates on the subject of civil rights, in providing that negroes and whites shall have the same privileges. True, it says separate accommodations may be provided. But the next Congress may provide that separate accommodations shall not be provided. Again: It provides in effect that a car-load of goods requiring no attention between Richmond and Memphis shall not be carried from one of those cities to the other for a lower price per 100 pounds than is charged for carrying 100 pounds requiring handling at every depôt at which the car containing said freight is opened, from Richmond to the depôt nearest to Memphis. "Oh, no," you will say, "the bill only provides that a railroad shall not make a greater charge for a short haul than for a longer haul of a whole car-load." Whom, then, will it protect? How many persons desire to send car-loads of freight to intermediate stations between Richmond and Memphis? Besides, the company will send none but

car-loads of freight between Richmond and Memphis. The Courier will perceive that we are only a doubter, not an objector, We have not read the discussions in Congress on the subject, but we intend to do it whenever we shall see any prospect of Mr. REAGAN'S bill becoming a law. As at present advised, we do not believe that the Senate will pass the bill. If it does, we shall throw no obstacles in the way of its successful operation.

North Carolina

The Baltimore American, in com menting on that portion of the message of Governor JARVIS which refers to the progress of the colored people of

North Carolina, says: "It is encouraging to notice what seems to be a growing disposition among the southern people to appreciate that the real advancement of the South is largely dependent upon the improvement of the colored man. Such evidences as this that comes from North Carolina cannot but be gratifying to all who have at heart the true interests of the new South."

whose exponents could hope for secu-

rity only in keeping the negro where

the gift of the ballot found him. They

wherever it has been possible for them

to do so-nowhere more fully and ef-

amounted to nothing or next to nothing,

for a party that was systematically rob-

bing the whole people. Under Demo-

cratic rule the school fund has increased

each succeeding year, colored schools

have been established all over the State,

and yet taxation has been reduced. The

negro has been encouraged to engage in

becoming freer every year. The

last election, especially, demonstrated

that he can and does vote as

he chooses. And what is true of

North Carolina is true of the other

southern States just to the degree that

they have been emancipated from Radi-

cal influences. As we have hitherte

stated, the negroes of Virginia are more

solidly banded together than are the

negroes of some of our southern sisters.

because this State is more accessible

from the seat of the Federal Adminis-

tration; but even here the emancipating

influence of education and the efforts of

the white people to make good citizens

of the negros are having their effect.

The American may put it down as in-

disputable that before long it will be forced to recognize that it is due solely to the Republican party that the ad-

vancement of the South has not been

more rapid and that the improvement of

GENERAL GRANT .- The old man i

in trouble. He fought against us; but we don't mind that. What we most condemn in him is his course while Pre-sident. But his conduct towards Gen-

We think the American's language is rather disingenuous. It implies that the South is, through some change of heart or otherwise, gradually appreciating a fact that in truth it has always appreciated and acted upon. The white people The Philadelphia North American citizen of the man and the brother who

says: "There may be no possible connection between Democratic success in the United States and the earthquake period through which we are just passing, but there is just this about it, Europe takes its trouble now, while ours is to come in the near hereafter." Considering that the American is a rabid Republican paper," "ours is to come in the near hereafter" is good-after the 4th of March.

Personal. F. H. Snyder, inventer of a dynamite shell-gun, has been invited to England

Lawrence Barrett: "The real secre of the bad theatrical season is that the companies are not good as they were a few years ago. Good companies and good plays have done fairly well, and will always do so." industrial enterprises and politically is

Patti loves a parrot, Modjeska adore derson chatters to a pair of yellow canaries while studying Juliet's blank

Mr. Henry James, the novelist, was mistaken for the Prince of Wales the other day by a St. James-Palace sentry, and being addressed as "Your Royal Highness" so pleased the Americo-Englishman that he neglected to set the

The late David Lydig Suydam is said to have been the only rich New York merchant who retired from business in his thirty-first year. He was absolutely out of business for forty years afterward. The standard of wealth, however has been greatly raised since however, has been greatly raised since 1844, and the late John Jacob Astor laughed at Stephen Whitney for deem-ing \$5,000,000 sufficient to entitle its possessor to be considered rich enough

Goneness" is hard to define scien tifically, yet you know what it is when it overcomes you. It is a compound of lassitude, debility, and "the miserables;" flavored with a seasoning of bles; "flavored with a seasoning of "the blues." Now you know. To get rid of "goneness" take Brown's Iron Bitters, and be well and strong. Mr. J. M. Gentry, Hannibal, Mo., says, "I took Brown's Iron Bitters for pain in the back, loss of appetite, kidney disease, with good roulds."

Appointation. Also, his protection of MOSBY. Last, not least, he enabled the copie of Virginia to vote down the dis-General GRANT acted very badly a President of the United States. But we

than to suppose that he had the right to rganize and disperse State Legislatures, A PLEASANT VOICE FROM THE OUTH .- Under the above heading the Boston Herald says : "General Joseph R. Anderson, of Richmond, a leading citizen, has a letter in the Dispatch of that city in favor of putting General Grant on the retired list of the army in the highest rank. The substance of the letter is in the following:"

[Here the Herald copies from the

verily believe that he knew no better

It then adds: "It strikes us that this is a very pleasant voice from the South, and we lesire to hear a cordial response from the North. It may seem a little strange, as it evidently did to our esteemed con-temporary, the Advertiser, to hear the expression that 'since the 4th of last November the war is over,' but that is a figurative expression very commonly used in the South since the election to show that the people of that section feel that they are once more in the Union; and we regret to see it the subject of captious criticism. General Anderson means, we judge, to express the most cordial and patriotic sentiments, and to show that, so far as he is concerned, sectional animosities are of the

Mr. Bowen voted against the inter-State-commerce bill. Mr. BARBOUR did not vote at all. The others of the Virginia congressmen voted as we stated vesterday.

Mr. RANDALL voted, "Ave." Mr. McApoo did not vote. Mr. HEWITT voted. "No." The majority of the aves were Democrats-of the noes, Republicans.

from our Virginia exchanges in favor of the BLAIR bill. We have a number of similar articles for which we cannot make room.

We copy this morning several articles

Messrs. West. Johnston & Co. have sent us a bound volume of Lippincott's Magazine of Popular Literature and Science from July to December, 1884, inclusive.

BRIEF COMMENT.

Why don't the Mahdi employ JOHN A. LOGAN to murder the Queen's Eng-

"What would WolseLEY do with out the Mudir of Dongola?" KEIFER will soon be out of a job. "CAMERON (of Pennsylvania) is to

succeed himself in the United States Senate." He could not succeed a worse man.

We can account for the New York Sun's erratic course during the campaign. It was dodging the office-cat.

The Philadelphia Press remarks that it is "tolerably well satisfied that Senator LOGAN, of Illinois, will be succeeded by a gentleman named JOHN ALEXANDER LOGAN." "One woe doth tread upon another's heel."

Some of our Republican contemporaries intimate that Colonel MCCLURE has an eye to the Cabinet in making his southern trip. Well, the Colonel has only to ask for "The Cabinet" anywhere in the South, and it will be set out, if the people have it. If they haven't, they will give him something

to lay the apparatus before the British

admiralty. Becky Jones, the wonderful woman who preferred to go to jail rather than to tell what she knew, complains in the New York newspapers that a cer-tain alderman annoys her with his lovemaking.

a black cat, Langtry wastes her super-fluous affections on a little Chinese monkey called Li Chin, and Mary An-

sentry right about the matter.

THE STATE AT LABOR ETERSBURG AND VICINITY.

therities—As Interesting Starter-Trial.
[Correspondence of Richmond Dispatch.]
PETERSBURG, January 9, 1885.
The special committee, including City ttorney Budd, appointed by the Common Council on the 1st of January to

on Council on the 1st of January to infer with the authorities of the Persburg and Weldou railroad relative the policy of that road under the resent consolidation towards the city Petersburg, held a conference, y appointment, with Major Myers, he president of the road, this hernoon. While the details of the meeting have not transpired, it is un-derstood that the results of the conderstood that the results of the con-ference were in all respects satisfactory to the committee. A full and detailed report of the meeting, and of the re-sults accomplished, will be made by the committee to the Council on the evening of the 15th instant. It is understood that the conference confirme in full the statement made in this correspondence a few days ago, that the pol-icy of the railroad cempany, under the new management, will be as heretofore, favorable to this city and its commercial interests, and that Petersburg will be accorded all the importance its geo-graphical position demands. This much was at least known in advance of the meeting to-day. The company does not propose to remove its workshops or not propose to remove its workshops or its depôt from the city, and will only reduce its working-force so far as is actually necessary, and will, as hereto-fore, seek to advance the interests of Petersburg.
It is expected that the Virginia and

Carolina Railroad Company will next week commence the work of grading within the limits of Petersburg. There remains only one piece of property in the city the value of which is in con-test, and it is believed there will be an agreement on this before many days. This property is the planing-mill and residence of Mr. W. B. Marks, on Market street, which two commissions have valued at \$13,000, and which occupy the site of the prospective depôt of the

Rev. J. W. Rosebro, of Lewisburg, W. Va., the new pastor of the Tabb-Street Presbyterian church here, will not arrive in the city until next week. A telegram to this effect was received from him to-day. The handsome parsonage adjoining the church has recently been thoroughly repaired and renovated for his accommodation, and he will occupy it at once.

Mr. John T. Parham, of Blandford Lodge, No. 3, has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master for this Masonic district. He is one of the brightest and most enthusiastic Masons in the district, and his appointment is altogether satisfactory.

Much to the regret of a great many

of our people, the Evangelist Moody has declined the invitation to visit Petersburg.

The trial of Eugene M. Glenn, the colored youth charged with the murder of C. W. Holland (white) on the night of the Democratic celebration here, will take place at the term of the Hustings Court which begins next week, and it is thought it will to a large extent revive the excited feeling which was manifested on the night of the unfortunate affair. The jury drawn for the trial of the case is composed in part of colored men, and it is believed that this is in accordance with the desire of the friends of the accused. The defence expects to successfully con-tradict and combat the evidence for the prosecution, and to establish the fact that the accused is innocent. The Com-monwealth's docket for this term of the court embraces eight felony cases.

There is much suffering among the poor of the city by reason of the lack of employment. The city and the people generally, however, are doing everything they can for their relief. ROBIN ADAIR.

DOWN BY THE SEA.

Split-Pathetic Story-Annual Supper of an Old Organization.

NORFOLK, January 9, 1885. The Norfolk Gymnasium Association has decided to dispense with the services of Professor Kline, instructor in athletics. There has been some trouble between the Professor and the Board of Governors, which has resulted in a split. It is reported that Mr. Kline will be employed by the proprietor of a large skating-rink here, in which athletics will be introduced. The governors of the Gymnasium have not yet secured another instructor, but will do so at an

An interesting case, involving the city's right to lease the ends of streets, is now pending in the Police Court. The city recently rented to Mr. James W. Lee a large warehouse near the wharf, or the ends of two streets in that locality. Mr. Lee sued out a civil warrant against the driver of a truck belonging to the Seaboard Compress Company, charging him with trespass, and a test-case was made up, which, no doubt, will find its way into the higher

courts. People in the Brewer-street section of the city are enjoying a pathetic little story, as follows: A little boy and a little girl lived on the premises of a well-known city official, and played together regularly, seeming to be peculiarly attached to one another. About a week ago the boy died, and two or three days afterward the little girl was taken sick, and passed away yesterday, before it was understood that she was dangerously sick. The night before she died she talked of her little play-fellow constantly, and every now and then would say, "Wait, Henny, I'm tom-ing." The story may mean nothing, but I know the simple facts recorded to

be entirely true.

The Mechanical Benevolent Society gave its annual supper in this city last night. The Society has a peculiar history. It was organized in 1809 with forty members, and these were increased from time to time until the Society had, all told, a membership of 170. It was the custom to pay to the widow or heir of a deceased member three times the amount of monthly dues he had paid, and afterwards, when the Society had accumu lated property, his share of the same. The members have either died or withdrawn, and their claims were paid, until now, only four members are left, and they own the Mechanics Hall in this city, valued at \$35,000. The members William A. Graves, ship-builder; A. Wrenn, carriage-manufacturer (both wealthy mon); B. W. Gatch, a retired mechanic, and George W. Denby, builder.

ROCKBRIDGE TIN-MINES.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

The Mines, January 9, 1885.
There has been a great deal said in the papers concerning the tin-mines of Virginia, but no true account has yet been given of these. That Virginia has veritable tin-mines does not now admit of a doubt. These mines are in Rock-bridge county, on the north side of the Blue Ridge, near the Nelson line, and eight miles from Vesurrous depot, on the Shenandoah Valley railroad, from

under the control of this company.

Operations have already commenced.
Buildings are now in process of erection, and the ores are being mined preparatory to smelting. A furnace will be in operation by the last of July next.

Twenty-nine veins of tin ore have been discovered. Some of these are very fine. Vein No. 1 is forty feet wide, with an average of 30 per cent tin. with an average of 30 per cent. tin. One hundred tons of ore are now lying on the bank. Vein No. 2 is ten fee wide at the top, with an average of 30 per cent. tin. A shaft 10 by 8 feet has been sunk in this vein to the depth of forty feet. The vein widens as it goes down, and the ore is as rich at the bottom as at the top. About one hun-dred tons of ore have been taken out of this shaft. This ore will make a high average. In this vein there are two veins of cassitterate ore—one thirty, the other twenty inches wide—that will reach an average of 60 per cent. of pure tin. Veins Nos. 4, 5, and 6 are as good as No. 2, with cassitterite veins runn through them of high grade. No shafts have as yet been sunk in these veins; but as No. 2 improves as it goes down, it is but reasonable to suppose that these veins will do so too. There can no longer be a reasonable doubt that there is a large amount of ore in these mines—enough to supply the demand for years. These mines are well located for mining, being high above water. No pumps will have to be used. An abundance of water-power is convenient to run all the machinery that will be neces sary, and timber for coal is plentiful As to the quality of the ore, that is a fixed fact, it having been analyzed all over the United States and in England. OBSERVER.

WILLIAMSRURG.

Common-Council Notes-Gypsies-Personal. [Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.

JANUARY 9, 1885. The Common Council, which is composed entirely of Republicans, reflected redit on itself last night when it elected Dr. Robert M. Garrett, one of our leading citizens, a member of its body, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. T. M. Ware. Dr. Garrett will prove to be a useful member, having served as councilman under Democratic rule for a num ber of years. The Council also instructed the Commissioner to as-sess that portion of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad lying in the corporation, and granted the City Sergeant, Mr. P. Slater, power to appoint a

A party of gypsies arrived yesterday and encamped just above town. Mr. John V. Morris, of Lynchburg, is here for a few days on a business trip Ex-Mayor E. H. Lively, of this place, is now on a visit to his friend

Thomas D. Hudson, of Brooklyn. Major H. M. Waller, of York county, who lately had an operation performed on one of his eyes, is again threatened

with blindness. WYTHEVILLE

Severely Burned-The Business Outlook Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch

JANUARY 9, 1885. Mrs. J. C. Allison, wife of ex-Treasurer Allison, of this county, was severely and dangerously burned he vesterday while lighting a fire with cerosene. Mr. Allison was also painfully injured while attempting to extinguish the flames. His burns were large, but not deep.

The new year opens in Wytheville with a lively business spurt. There are many new and handsome buildings going up, and the trade with all classes seems to have received an impetus. roduce continues to bring small prices. but is active, and has good demand and ready sale. FAT MAN.

A Woman Cowboy.
[Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.]

Mrs. Judge Gunn, of Sullivan, Ind., recently passed through Vincennes, bound for Antelope Valley, Kansas, in charge of three car-loads of cattle, which she was superintending. probably the first instance on record where a woman has undertaken a trip of this kind. She rode in the freightcaboose and took life as she met it. She was accompanied by two large dogs. She is an intelligent, refined. thrifty, goaheadative woman, of business, and will get to her new home in Kansas on a shipper's pass, the same as any male stockdealer. She stopped at the Union De not Hotel, but was not allowed to take her dogs in the dining-room. Offended at this, she would not desert the noble animals, and she lunched in peace in the lunch-room. Her trip will amount to 1,000 miles aboard a freight train, and will take a week or more in transit. Her family are in good circumstances, and she adopted this plan of travel in order to save delay and trouble. The train-men treated the good woman with every courtesy and consideration. In Vincennes City at the freight depôts he managed her affairs with a master hand, and the freight clerks exerted themselves more than usual to be polite and complete her transactions.

The uncertainties incident to legislaion in the closing weeks of the last ession renders the fate of the Blair educational bill a little uncertain. We tope for its passage, because it would naterially benefit the country, and

especially our section of it.

We can readily allow for the consti-tutional scruples which interpose difficulties in the minds of many persons. both Republicans and Democrats, but as it is least an undetermined question. even with the most strict constructionist and as it is known that some of the soundest constitutional lawyers, both in the Senate and the House, sustain the bill, we do not hesitate to give it our support. The dangers which are said by some opponents of the bill to lurk in its provisions are more theoretical than real, and should not deter Congress from favorable action. We think the bill defective in many particulars, but as it cannot be amended in the House without certain loss of the bill, we would advise our representatives to take the Senate bill as it stands, rather than run the risk of losing the whole appropriation .- Wytheville Dispatch.

The urban and agricultural popula tion of England and Wales is increas ing at the rate of 17.5 and 8.3 per cent. ing at the rate of 17.5 and 8.3 per cent, respectively. The seaport towns are increasing at the expense of the inlared boroughs, and the Builder charges that English railway fares are now adjusted to bring about this undesirable end. In case of war the seaport towns could be easily attacked, and says that, while the movement tends to paralyze the inland towns and agricultural districts, there is no doubt of the movement's existence, and it urges house-builders.

CARRINGTON.—Died, on Sunday, January 4th, at Buckland, Prince William county, Va., Mrs. FRANCES V. CARRINGTON, wife of the Rev. Alexander B. Car

MILLHISER. chelbacher. tice of funeral will be given in Sunday's

Dispatch.

ROBBERSON,—Departed this life on January 8th, EMMA L. ROBBERSON, the only daughter of W. M. C. and Ann R. Robberson, after a lingering illness; aged twelve years and three months.

Her winning manners and gentle disposition won the respect and love of all who knew her. She has now crossed over the river, and be waiting on the golden strands to welcome her loved ones on earth. Grieve not, mother dear, for Christ has said, "Suffer little children to come unto Me, and forbid them not; for of such is the kingdom of Heaven." Truly she sweetly rests on the bosom of Jesus.

[*] MONUMENTAL CHURCH-

Rev. JOHN B. NEWTON, rector Divine service at 11 A. M., and at chapel 8 P. M MR. MOODY, THE EVANGE-

LIST, will preach at the EBENEZER CHURCH (Baptist), Leigh street, on SUNDAY at 11 o'clock A. M. ** FIRST ENGLISH LUTHERAN

CHURCH (Seventh street between Broad and Grace).—Rev. W. C. SCHARFFER, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday-chool at 9:30 A. M. All welcome THE FIRST AND SECOND

nd church at 11 A. M. and gether in the Second church at 11 A. M. and a quarter past 4 P. M. First-church Sunday school in the Monu-MENTAL CHAPEL (corner of Grace and Mad-ison streets), at 9:30 A. M. BET SECOND PRESBYTERIAN

resbyterian congregations will worship to

CHURCH.-Dr. Hoge at 11 A. M. and quarter past 4 P. M. THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.-Sunday school, 9:30 A. M. Rev R. R. Howison, pastor, at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Scats all free.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (Grace above Shafer)-Rev. Pgy-TON H. HOGE pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Seats free. Public cordially in-

GRACE-STREET PRESBYTE-

RIAN CHURCH.—Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7:45 o'clock P. M. Preaching by the Rev. Dr. Duew. A cordial welcome to all, CENTENARY METHODIST CHURCH (Grace street between Fourth and Fifth)—Rev. WILLIAM E. EDWARDS, D. D.,

BOT CLAY-STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (corner of Adams and Clay streets).—Preaching on SUNDAY at 11 o'clock A. M. and half-past 7 o'clock P. M. by the pastor. Rev. Joseph H. Riddick. Seats free. All are cordially invited.

eastor.-Preaching at 11 o'clock A. M. and

PARK-PLACE METHODIST CHURCH (west Franklin street),-Preaching by the pastor, Rev. W. E. Evans, at 11 A. M. Let all bring "Gospel Hymn books. No service at night,

BEE BROAD STREET METHO DIST (corner Broad and Tenth streets) -Rev. A. C. Bledsoe, pastor, will preach at 11 o'clock A. M. No service at night. Com-BOT SEVENTH-STREET CHRIS-

TIAN CHURCH.—The pastor, Rev. R. C. CAVE, will preach on SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and at 4 P. M. the regular monthly business meeting of the church will be held in the lecture-room, and every member is request-FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH-

OFFICE CITY FIRE INSURANCE CO... RICHMOND, VA.. December 31, 1884.

\$1.981-2 PER SHARE IN FIthe capital stock of this company will be
paid on after FRIDAY the 2d of January,
1885, to the stockholders on surrender of
their certificates of stock at the office of the
company, No. 1115 Main street,
By order of the Board of Directors.
E. B. MEADE. corner of Twelfth and Broad streets).--11 A. M., Rev. H. A. TUPPER, D. D.; 3 P. M. and 7:30 P. M., Rev. George C. Needham the evangelist, will conduct an "overflow meeting from the Armory-Hall meetings. orner Main and Sixth streets)-Rev. WIL-

vice at 11 A. M. No evening service. Con-gregation invited to union service at the First Baptist church. Sermon by Mr. NEED GRACE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.-Preaching at 11 A. M. by the pastor, Rev. WILLIAM E. HATCHER, D. D.

LIAM W. LANDRUM pastor.-Morning ser

No service at night. CLAY-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Clay and Graham streets Rev. S. C. CLOPTON, pastor,-Worship at 11

JOHN LATOUCHE, MERCHANT TAILOR No. 4 Tenth
street keeps GONSTANTLY IN
STOCK EVERTYHING SUITABLE FOR
GETTING UP FINE, STYLISH, AND DURABLE GARMENTS. The low prices will
surprise any one used to fine work.

je 21-cod A. M. and 7:30 P. M. BOY WEST MAIN-STREET BAP TIST CHURCH (corner Main and Beech streets).-Preaching SUNDAY by the pastor Rev. WILLIAM J. SHIPMAN, at 11 o'clock A M. and 7% o'clock P. M. All are welco

TIST CHURCH.-Preaching by the pastor Rev. C. P. Scott, on Sunday at 11 A. M. and by Rev. T. J. Shipman at 7;30 P. M. A cordial welcome to all. POF FULTON BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. PERCY G. ELSOM will preach at 11 A. M. To-Morrow, and Rev. DECATUR ED-WARDS at 7:45 P. M. Ordinance of baptism

VENABLE-STREET BAP

at night service. All invited. Sunday schoo THE QUARTERLY MEET ING OF THE BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL ASSOCIATION OF RICHMOND AND MANCHESTER will be held at the Venable-Street Baptist church SUNDAY AFTER Noon at 3 o'clock. Interesting addresses may be expected.

R. A. GARY, Secretary.

POSTPONEMENT .-- THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF THE METHODIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL SOCIETY will be postponed until further notice. Charles P. Rady, Secretary.

William Ellyson, President,

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION (corner of Fourth and Franklin streets).—Young men's meeting every SENDAY APTERNOON at 3:15. Secre-tary's conversational Bible study Monday EVENINGS at 8:30. Boys' meeting FRIDAY Meetings for railroad-men first and third Sundays in each month in the Richmond and Danville reading-rooms, Manchester;

second and fourth Sundays in the Chesa peake and Ohlo reading-rooms, at depot,

H. M. SMITH, JR.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
has removed his office to ELEVENTH AND MAIN STREETS, over Thomas Branch & Co. REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

R. T. ALVEY & CO. have removed their RETAIL FEED-STORE to 1600 Franktin street (Captain McCubbin's old stand), where they will continue to sell the very best FAY, CORN, OATS, MILL-OFFAL, &c., at the lowest prices. Mr. S. T. HANGOCK will still remain with us. We are thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon us in the past, and hope by fair dealings to merit ics continuance.

R. T. ALVEY & CO. ALVEY BROTHERS will still continue the WHOLESALE FEED BUSINESS at 805 cast Cary street. ja 4-6t

WE HAVE A LARGE CONSIGN-

PURCELL, LADD & CO.,

CARPETS.

BET BLANKETS.

BLANKETS are cheaper now than the

have been for many years. So money can

e saved by making your purchases at once

We show a large assortment of COM

FORTABLES at \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2,

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WHITE QUILTS at 65c. worth 80c., at

85c. worth \$1, at \$1 worth \$1.30, at \$1.25

SILVER-GRAY GOSSAMERS in all sizes

We have marked our CLOAKS down to

such prices as to insure quick sales. Over 200

mrments left, from which you can make

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DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

CASE NOT BEYOND HELP.

Dr. M. H. Hinsdale, Kenawee, Ill., advise

BLAIR'S CHLORAL THYMOL

It has a pleasant smell;

The manner of using it is

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It should always be used

For sale by druggists. Price, 50 cents a bottle

It wonderfully promotes the comfort of sick rooms;

where there is contagious disc

NONSUMPTION .- I have a positive

case, to any sufferer. Give express and post-office address. Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl street, New York.

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STATE BANK OF VIRGINIA STOCK,
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AND SOLD by EDWARD COHEN,
ja 7-1w 1323 Main street.

DIVIDENDS.

THE CITY BANK OF RICHMOND, VA., RICHMOND, January 2, 1885.

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OFFICE OF RICHMOND PERFETUAL
BUILDING, LOAN, AND TRUST CO.,
NO. 1200 MAIN STREET,
(UNDER PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK.)
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SASH, BLINDS, DOORS, &c.

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BOOKBINDING in any style and price, ja 3-d&w RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

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Office hours from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. my 18-eod

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THE ONLY PLACE IN TOWN

WHERE
BASS'S ALE, GUINNESS'S STOUT, CULMBACH & KAISER BEER

ARE KEPT CONSTANTLY ON DRAUGHT,

Mr. Enker has just had built the handsomest refrigerator in the South. The public generally invited to inspect it.
The EAR is supplied with CHOICE LIQUORS and the HILLIARD SALOON with
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SALOON, RESTAURANT, AND RILLIARD-ROOM. No. 1208 MAIN STREET.
WINES, LIQUORS, and CIGARS of the finest quality kept constantly on hand RESTAURANT and LUNCH-COUNTER supplied with the best the market affords which is sorved in first-class style. The best appointed and equipped BILIARD-ROOM in the city. Location contral. Polite and sattentify a strendards.

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Is a powerful germ-destroyer:

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1017 and 1019 Main street.

ja 6

worth \$1.60, at \$1.50 worth \$2.

BOT CLOAKS.

very cheap.

worth 125c.

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MBER PARLOR, AND DINING ON FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, & We would respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that we have the argest warercome in the city—over 50,000 est of floor-room—at Nos. 4. 6, and stjoy-mor street. These immense warercomes re-crowded to their utmost capacity with he latest styles of goods, which we are self-under the compact of the control of the compact of the compac ses now. Call and examine our stock. LEVY & DAVIS 1017 and 1019 Main street. Another case of those GINGHAMS at 70

J. HERMAN ROTHERT. W. A. HELLMAN, ROTHERT & CO.,

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THE LEADERS IN LOW PRICES AND LIBERAL TERMS.

would like to call your attention to the fact

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OIL-CLOTHS, RUGS. MATTING, ETC., **HEATING- and COOKING-STOVES**

FOR THE BALANCE OF THIS MONTH before taking stock.

AT REDUCED PRICES

It will pay you to visit them. The prices will suit, and the terms they will make Call and see them without fail, if y Dr. M. H. Hinsdale, kenawee, in, advises so a remarkable cure of Consumption. He says: "A neighbor's wife was attacked with violent lung disease, and pronounced beyond help from Quick Consumption. As a last resort the family was persuaded to try DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALISAM FOR THE LUNGS. To the astonishment of all, by the time she had used one half dozen bottles she was about the house doing her own work. I saw her at her worst, and had no idea she could recover." ja 10-d2t&wit

want bargains. ROTHERT & CO.

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[ja 6]

HOLIDAY GOODS.-Don't buy your Christmas present until your see our large stock of Fancy Articles. I chairs, Deaks, Hanging and Standing Cabinets, Easels, Mirrors, Fiorentine Statues, Tables, Fedestals, and many other articles in connection with one of the largest and best-selected stock of Parlor and Chamber Suits to be seen in the city. You can save money by examining our stock and comparing prices.

E. GATHRIGHT & SON, de 7-tFe13 12 and 16 Governor street.

LURNITURE, MATTRESSES, Q AND BEDDING.—The largest stock of FURNITURE, &c., of all descriptions in the city. Do not neglect your interests by purchasing before giving me a call. Largest business, largest stock, and greatest facilities for the delivery of goods. Salisfaction grant for the delivery of goods. Satisfaction guar-anteed, Wil.LIAM DAFFRON, 1436 and 1438 east Main street and 22 Governor street, 4 west Broad street. Factory and Upholstery-Room, 16 to 24 north Fifteenta street.

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No. 1215 EAST BROAD STREET, RICHMOND, VA.. has a large assortment of WOOD and ME-TALLIC CASES, CASKETS, SHROUDS, CLOTH CASKETS, de, at low prices. Country and telegraph orders promply at-tended to day or night.

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1506 EAST MAIN STREET (under St. Charles
Hotel),
BURIAL-CASES, SHROUDS, and FUNERAL CONVEYANCES furnished at all THIS BANK have declared a SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF 3 PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the net profits of the last six months, payable (free of tax) on and after the 3d instant. ja 3-1w WALKER HILL, Cashier.

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PANY have declared a dividend of FOUR FER CENT. (free of tax) out of the net earnings of the company for the past six months, payable at this office on and after January 5th.

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THEAP, CHEAPER IS THE CRY. About others not to lie; short weight, dirty coal by his neighbors' slanderer only sold—enough to make a good wife scold taking money from your pocket by paying 40 or 50 per cent. profit. But your wife will not scold if you purchase the BEST COAL, also BEST SCASONED WOOD—Hickory. Oak, and Pine—from C. H. PAGE, 1905 Cary street, or Broad above Elba. Je 9-3t CHRISTMAS FIRES.-CROWN-

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BEST FUEL IN THE CITY. -First-COALBURG SPLINT, \$4.50 and \$5 per ton; SOFT LUMP, \$3.75 and \$4; BRIGHTHOPE; \$4.25. PINE and OAK WOOD, long, sawed, and kindling. Lowest cash prices. Yards: Broad and Norton and 1905 Cary streets. Telephone, 165.

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SUPERLATIVE.
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200 BARRELS CHOICE FLOUR; SUGARS, various grades; TEAS, Green and Black; cOFFEE, Green and Toasied; BACON, LARD, and BUCKWHEAT, For sale by ja 1 Franklin street near Old Market,

IME! LIME! LIME!-I have LIME: LIME: LIME:—I have brand LIME. manufactured by Moore Lime Company (limited) at Eagle Rock, Va. Warranted equal, if not superior, to the Rockland Rime. For sale low, in stock, FRESH ROCKLAND LIME: IMPORTED and AMERICAN CEMENTS, LATHS, CALCINED PLASTER, PLASTERING HAIR, FIRE-BRUK and CLAY.

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A LARGE SUPPLY OF SEINE-THREAD of our own importation. We can now funish all in need with the BEST GUALITY OF GOODS made at the VERY LOWEST PRICES. We have a full stock of NETTING in stock of our own manufacture.

NETTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION made to order at short notice.

Sole Importers of the Lion Brand Seins Thread and importers of other brand corner Seventcumb and Franklin street